USING PARENTHETICAL REFERENCES

When you take *material or ideas* from another source and use it in your work, you *must* acknowledge the original source with a parenthetical reference.

- Place a parenthetical reference just before the period at the end of a sentence.
- ♦ In SCIENCE, the reference consists of the author's surname and the year of publication enclosed in parentheses. The page number is included if you have used a quotation or fact from that page:

A survey by Worldwatch claims that over 20% of the world's population breathes air that is polluted beyond international safety limits (Leggett 1991 11).

In other subjects the reference consists of the author's surname and page number enclosed in parentheses:

The stars of many weekly television shows make more than \$20,000 per episode (Henkin 69).

♦ When using an INTERNET SOURCE use the same format as above, by using the author of the article. If the author is unknown, use the first significant word in the title of the article.

The most significant source of lead exposure in Canada is inside people's homes, as lead dust can form in older homes with lead-based paints. (Lead)

When quoting from one of Shakespeare's plays, include the act, scene and line numbers, not the page number.

lago warns, "O, beware, my lord, or jealousy; / It is the green-eyed monster which doth mock / The meat it feeds on" (III, iii, 165-167).

- If there is no page number, use just the author's name.
- If there is no author, use the first significant word in place of the author's name, so that the reader can match the parenthetical reference to an entry in the bibliography.